# **APEX® TECHNICAL DATA SHEET**





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Product name: Eva-Last® Apex® co-extruded mineral-polymer composite decking.

Product use: This product is primarily used for decking, facades, screens, cladding, etc.

Website:www.eva-last.com

#### **Manufacturers information:**

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### Technology description

The Apex® range was developed to provide a lightweight alternative to the Eva-Last® cellulose-polymer range. The foamed mineral-polymer core has improved water and fire resistance behaviour. The innovative double layer polymer coat provides a unique texture and aesthetic characteristic as well as improved slip resistance.

# Deck profile specification

Profile width (mm)	Depth (mm)	Typical length (mm)	Coverage (m/m²)*	Mass per meter (kg/m)
		5 700		
140	24	5 450	5.10	3.18
		4 800		
		5 700		
190	24	5 450	5.10	3.18
		4 800		
		5 700		
135	24	5 450	5.10	3.18
		4 800		
		5 700		
140	24	5 450	5.10	3.18
		4 800		
		5 700		
190	24	5 450	5.10	3.18
		4 800		
	(mm)  140  190  135	(mm) (mm)  140 24  190 24  140 24	140   24   5 450     140   24   5 450     140   24   5 450     140   24   5 450     140   24   5 450     135   24   5 450     140   24   5 450     140   24   5 450     140   24   5 450     140   24   5 450     190   25   25     190   25   25     190   25   25     190   25   25     190   25   25     190   25   25     190	140   24   15   450   5.10

\*Coverage includes a 5mm gap between boards.



# Fascia and batten profile specifications

Description	Profile width (mm)	Profile height (mm)	Typical length (mm)	Coverage (m/m²)*	Mass per meter (kg/m)
Single sided fascia board	150	12	2 200	6.5	1.3
Single sided fascia board	254	13	2 200	3.9	2.3
Single sided fascia board	297	16	2 200	3.4	3.0
Single sided fascia board	184	14	2 200	5.5	2.1
Batten	40	30	2 800	N/A	1.1

\*Coverage includes a 5 mm gap between boards. 
\*\*Spans are based on boards in a vertical orientation.

# Composition

Substance	Approximate mass	CAS Number	Agency	Exposure limit	Comment
Core					
Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)	50 %	9002-86-2	OSHA-PEL ACGIH-TLV	5 mg/m³ (respirable dust) 10 mg/m³ (as nuisance dust)	Thermoplastic
Calcium Carbonate (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	40 %	471-34-1	OSHA-PEL NIOSH-REL	5 mg/m³ (respirable dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)	N/A
Bamboo fibre	3 – 10 %	N/A	OSHA-PEL OSHA-REL ACGIH-PEL ACGIH-REL	PEL-TWA 15 mg/m³ (total dust) PEL-TWA 5 mg/m³ (respiratory dust fraction) TLV-TWA 3 mg/m³ (respiratory dust fraction) TLV-STEL 10 mg/m³ (inhabitable particles)	
Foaming agent				Information withheld	
Lubricating agent				Information withheld	
Сар					
Acrylonitrile styrene acrylate (ASA)	70 - 100 %	26299-47-8	N/A	Non-hazardous material	N/A
Additives	1-30 %			Information withheld	
Additional additives					
Anti-mould agents, coupling agents, anti-UV agents, colour pigments, etc. Information withheld					

#### NOTE

The primary composition of this product is PVC. This product contains a proprietary blend of components encapsulated within a polymer matrix. Trace impurities may be present but are in insignificant quantities to affect the purity of the product.

Bamboo is a species of the grass family which has distinct anatomical differences from that of timber. Therefore bamboo would be regulated as an organic dust in a category known as "Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated" (PNOR), or nuisance dust by OSHA. The ACG IH classifies dust or particulate in this category as "Particulates Not Otherwise Specified".



# Typical profile specifications

Width (mm)	140	Mass per meter (kg/m)	2.3
Thickness (mm)	24	Coverage (m/m²)	6.9
Length (mm)	Vary		
Appearance		Planks are supplied in various colours	and finishes



# Mechanical properties (ASTM D790)

Mechanical properties (4 point load at 300 mm span)	Measured value	2000 Hours weathering	Notes
Modulus of elasticity MOE (MPa)	1554	1640	
Modulus of rupture MOR (MPa)	23.6	26.0	
Creep recovery (%)	89		
Unrecoverable deflection (mm)	0.09		Test load of 302 N at a 300 mm span

# Weathering effects (ASTM D6109)

Mechanical properties (3 point load)	Conditions at 300 mm spans					
	Control	Freeze-thaw	Moisture	High temperature	Low temperature	
Modulus of elasticity MOE (MPa)	1 433	1368	1644	1204	2 047	
Modulus of rupture MOR (MPa)	22.0	22.6	24.6	19.5	41.4	

# **Surface properties**

### Finish: L

Physical properties	Measured value	Test standard	Note
Scratch resistance (N)	7.0	FORD FLTM B0 162-01-2009	
Slip resistance	65	AS 4586 2013 Appendix A – Wet pendulum	With grain Class P5
Slip resistance	67	AS 4586 2013 Appendix A – Wet pendulum	Across grain Class P5
Slip resistance	0.95	AS 4586 2013 Appendix B – Dry floor friction	Class D1
Slip resistance (°)	34.0	AS 4586-2013 Appendix A – Wet-barefoot inclining platform	Class C
Slip resistance (°)	27.4	AS 4586-2013 Appendix A – Oil-wet inclining platform	Class R11
Abrasion (mg/r)	0.1	ASTM D4060-14	CS-17/1000 g
Shore hardness	82	ISO 868-2003	HD



	Ash	ΔE 1.096	ASTM G154-7
Artificial weathering (3000 Hours)	Cumaru	ΔE 2.256	ASTM G154-7
	Garapa	ΔE 1.721	ASTM G154-7
	ΔL	0.78	ASTM G154-16
	Δа	0.11	ASTM G154-16
Artificial weathering (2000 hours) Garapa	Δb	0.67	ASTM G154-16
	ΔΕ	1.04	ASTM G154-16
	Grey scale	4 - 5	ASTM G154-16

### **Material properties**

Physical properties		Measured value	Test standard	Note	
Linear thermal expansion coefficient (°C¹)		46.2 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	ASTM D6341		
Bulk density (kg/m³)		670			
Water absorption after 24 hours (	ter absorption after 24 hours (%)		1.12		
	thickness	0.09			
Swelling after 24 hours (%)	width	0.00		Dimensional change	
	length	0.00			
Water absorption after 28 days (%	6)	0.6		Mass change	
Fire reaction classification		Bfl-s <sub>1</sub>	EN 13501-1		
Critical flux (kW/m²)  Smoke (% x minutes)  Fs ≤ 150 mm		11.0	EN ISO 9239-1		
		254.0	EN ISO 11925-1		
		Yes	EN ISO 11925-1		

#### **Fasteners**

Appropriate fasteners must be employed depending on the expected worst-case loading conditions, the intended application and the conditions present. Particular attention should be paid to the substrate conditions available and the environmental conditions of the site. All applications should adhere to applicable regional standards. All timber profiles should be treated appropriately. Regular and proactive maintenance should be employed. Refer to the Hulk Fasteners<sup>TM</sup> Technical Data Sheet for more information.

\*Pull out resistance range is based on testing with fasteners in ACQ timber (density of 0.67 g/cm³) to Red oak timber (density of 0.72 g/cm³).



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# Appendix A - ASA chemical compatibility table

Test substance	20 °C	50 °C
Acetamide	+	+
Acetic acid (100 %)	(.*)	- 0
Acetic acid (25%)	+	+
Acetic acid (50 %)	+	0
Acetone		
Acetophenone	(.*)	- 0
Acetylsalicylic acid (soln.)	+	+
Allyl alcohol	•	*
Allyl mustard oil		_ :
Almond, bitter, oil of	+	0
Almond, oil of	+	+
Alum (soln.)	+	+
Aluminium chloride (soln.)	+	+
Aluminium sulphate (soln.)	+	+
Ammonia, aqueous (25%)	+	+
Ammonium carbonate (soln.)	+	+
Ammonium chloride (soln.)	+	+
Ammonium molybdate (soln.)	+	+
Ammonium nitrate (soln.)	+	+
Ammonium rhodanide (soln.)	+	+
Ammonium sulphate (soln.)	+	+
Amyl acetate		•
Amyl acetate	•	•
Amyl alcohol	+	0
Amyl cinnamaldehyde	•	
Amyl mercaptan		•
Aniline		•
Anise, oil of		5.
Aniseed	+	+
Apple juice	+	+
Aqua regia	0	2.
Atropine sulphate	+	+
Barium bromide (soln.)	+	+
Barium carbonate (soln.)	+	+
Barium chloride (soln.)	+	+
Beef tallow	+	+
Benzaldehyde	-	<del>-</del>
Benzene	1.00	-
Benzoic acid	+	
	•	+
Benzyl acetate		-
Benzyl acetate	•	
Benzyl alcohol		
Bismuth chloride (soln.)	+	+
Bismuth subnitrate (soln.)	+	+
Bone oil	+	+
Borax (soln.)	+	+
Boric acid (soln.)	+	+
Brake fluid (ATE)		
Brandy	+	+
Bromine (liquid)		
Butane	+	+
Butter	+	+
Butyl acetate		
Butylacetate		
Butyric acid		- 2
Cadmium bromide (soln.)	+	+
Caffeine (soln.)	+	+
Calcium bromide (soln.) Calcium chloride (soln.)	+	+
	-	-

Test substance	20 °C	50 °C
Gallic acid	+	+
Garlic (powder)	+	+
Gasoline (Premium unleaded)	0	
Gasoline (Standard unleaded)	0	0
Ginger (ground)	0	0
Glucose (30 %)	+	+
Glycerine	+	+
Grapefruit juice	+	+
Gravy	+	-
Heating oil	+	+
Heptane	0	0
Heptyl alcohol	+	0
Hexachlorobenzene	+	+
Hexane	0	0
Hexanediol	+	+
Hexanol	+	0
Honey	+	+
Horse radish	+	+
Household detergent (soln.)	+	<del>-</del>
Hydrochloric acid (15%)	+	0
Hydrochloric acid (conc.)	+	0
Hydrofluoric acid (40 %)	0	0
Hydrogen peroxide (3 %)	+	+
Hydrogen peroxide (30 %)	+	+
Hydrogen sulphide	+	+
Hydroquinone (soln.)	+	•
Hydroxyacetone	0	0
Ink, writing	+	+
lodine, tincture of	0	
Iron (II) chloride (solid)	+	-
Iron (II) chloride (soln.)	+	<del>-</del>
Iron (II) sulphate (solid)	+	+
Iron (III) chloride (soln.)	+	<u> </u>
Iron ammonium sulphate	+	÷
Iron nitrate (soln.)	+	+
Isoamyl alcohol	+	•
Isobutanol	۰	1.5
Isooctane	+	+
Isooctane	+	+
Isopropanol	+	-
Isopropyl acetate		
Lactic acid (10 %)	+	_+_
Lactic acid (8o %)	+	+
Lactose (soln.)	+	+
Lanolin +	+	+
Laurel (ground)	+	+
Lauryl alcohol	+	+
Lead acetate (soln.)	+	+
Lead nitrate (soln.)	+	+
Lead stearate	+	+
Lead sulphate (soln.)	+	+
Lemon grass, oil of	14	7.0
Lemon juice	+	+
Lemon, oil of	0	0
Ligroin	+	+
Lime water	+	+
Linseed oil	+	+

Test substance	20 °C	50 °C
Potassium bromide (soln.)	+	+
Potassium chloride (soln.)	+	+
Potassium chromate (soln.)	+	+
Potassium dichromate (soln.)	+	0
Potassium ferricyanide	+	+
Potassium fluoride (soln.)	+	+
Potassium hydroxide (10 %)	+	+
Potassium hydroxide (50 %)	+	+
Potassium hydroxide (concentrated soln.)	+	0
Potassium iodate (soln.)	+	+
Potassium iodide (soln.)	+	+
Potassium nitrate (soln.)	+	+
Potassium permanganate (soln.)	+	0
Potassium persulfate (soln.)	+	+
	<del>-</del>	_
Potassium sulphate (soln.)	2550	+
Potassium sulphide (soln.)	+	+
Prontosil	+	+
Propane (liquid)	+	+
Propane (liquid) chloride		•
Propane glycol	+	+
Propylene glycol methyl ether Propylene oxide	-	<del>.</del>
		- 50
Pyridine  Pyridine	-	•
Pyrogallol (soln.)	+	0
Resorcin (soln.)	0	0
Rongalite (soln.)	+	+
Roses, oil of	0	0
Rum	+	+
Rum essence	+	+
<u> </u>		
Salicylic acid (soln.)	+	+
Salt, common (dry)	+	+
Sandalwood, oil of		•
Sassafras oil	•	•
Sea water	+	+
Sebacic acid dibutyl ester	25	•
Silicone fluid	+	+
Silver nitrate (soln.)	+	+
Sodium acetate (soln.)	+	+
Sodium benzoate (soln.)	+	+
Sodium bicarbonate (soln.)	+	+
Sodium bisulfite (soln.)	+	+
Sodium borate (soln.)	+	+
Sodium bromate (soln.)	+	+
Sodium bromide (soln.)	+	+
Sodium carbonate (soln.)	+	+
Sodium chloride (dry)	+	÷
Sodium chloride (soln.)	10.75	_
	+	+
Sodium chromate (soln.)	+	+
Sodium fluoride (soln.)	+	+
Sodium hydrogen sulfite	+	+
Sodium hydroxide (50 %)	+	+
Sodium hypochlorite (soln. with 12 % Cl)	+	+
Sodium hypochlorite (soln., 12 % chlorine) Sodium nitrate	+	+
Sodium nitrite	+	+
	+	- 1
Sodium perborate (soln.)	+	+
Sodium phosphate (sec.) (soln.)	+	+
Sodium phosphate (tert.) (soln.)	+	+
Sodium sulphate (soln.)	+	+



# Appendix A - ASA chemical compatibility table

Test substance	20 °C	50 °C
Calcium hypochlorite (solid)	+	+
Calcium hypochlorite (soln.)	+	+
Calcium oxide	+	+
Camphor	+	+
Caraway seed (ground)	+	+
Carbazole	+	+
Carbon dioxide	+	+
Carbon sulphide		
Cardamom	+	+
Carnauba wax	+	+
Carrot juice	+	+
Castor oil	+	+
Cellosolve (methyl-, ethyl-, propyl-, butyl-)	•	•
Cesium bromide (soln.)	+	+
Cetyl alcohol	+	+
Chamomile extract	+	+
Chlorinated lime	+	+
Chlorine (liquid or gaseous)		
Chlorine water	0	0
Chloroacetic acid	0	-
Chlorobenzene		
Chloroform		
Chlorosulfonic acid		•
Chromic acid (soln.)	0	0
Chromosulfuric acid	0	0
Cider (apple)		
Cinnamic aldehyde	•	•
Cinnamon (ground)	+	+
Cinammon (sticks)	+	+
Citric acid (soln.)	+	+
Citronella, oil of	•	•
Cloves		•
Cloves, oil of	-	-
Cocoa butter Coconut oil	+	+
Cod-liver oil	+	+
Coffee (ground)	<del>-</del>	+
Coffee extract	+	+
Copper sulphate (soln.)	+	+
Corn oil	+	+
Cottonseed oil	+	+
Cresol (para)	0	-
Curry	+	+
Cyclohexane	+	0
Cyclohexanol	+	0
Cyclohexanone		-
Dairy products	+	+
Dehydroacetic acid	+	+
Dekalin (R)	0	0
Diacetone alcohol		
Dibutyl phthalate		
Dichlorobenzene		-
Diesel oil	+	+
Diethanolamine	+	+
Diethyl ether		
Diethyl hexyl phthalate	+	0
Diethyl ketone	+	+
Diethyl phthalate	•	
Diethylene glycol	+	+
Diisodecyl phthalate	0	٥
Dimethyl diglycol phthalate	0	0
Dimethyl phthalate	•	
Dimethylformamide	•	

Test substance	20 °C	50 °C
Mace (ground)	+	0
Magnesium bromide	+	+
Magnesium carbonate	+	<u> </u>
Magnesium chloride (soln.)	+	+
Magnesium sulphate (soln.)	+	+
Maize oil	+	+
Malic acid (10 %)	+	+
Mandarin orange, oil of	0	0
Margarine	+	+
Marjoram (ground)	+	+
Marmelade	+	<del>-</del>
Mayonnaise	+	+
Menthol (10 % in ethanol)	•	•
	- 5:	670
Mercury	+	+
Mercury chloride (soln.)	+	+
Mesityl oxide		
Methanol Methyl acetate	•	÷
Methyl butanol	+	•
Methyl chloride	-	-
Methyl cyclohexane	+	+
Methyl ethyl ketone	-	-
Methyl isobutyl ketone		-
Methyl isopropyl ketone	<u>.</u>	
Methyl propyl ketone Methyl salicylate	÷	<del></del> -
Methylene chloride		-
Methylene chlorobromide	-	-
Milk	+	+
Milk powder	+	+
Milk powder (moist)	+	+
Monoamyl phthalate Motor oil (automotive)	+	<del>-</del>
Mustard	+	+
n-Butanol	+	0
n-Nonanol	+	<del></del>
n-Octanol n-Propanol	+	+
Naphthalene (solid)	+	÷
Naphthalene (soln. in ethanol)	0	•
Naphthol (beta) (soln. in ethanol)	0	-
Nickel sulphate (soln.)	+	+
Nitric acid (30 %) Nitric acid (conc.)	+	0
Nitrobenzene	÷	÷
Nutmeg, dark (ground)	0	0
Nutmeg, light (ground)	+	0
Nutmeg, oil of	0	
Oleisseid	-	
Oleic acid	+	0
Olive oil Onion (powder)	+	+
Orange juice	<del>-</del>	+
Orange, oil of	0	0
Oxalic acid (soln.)	+	+
Oxymethylfurfurol	•	<u> </u>
Ozone (<0,5 ppm)	+	+
Palamoll 644 und 646 (polyesters based on adipic acid, BASF)	÷	
Palm oil	+	+
Palmitic acid	+	+
Paprika (ground)	+	+
Paraffin oil	+	+
Peanut oil	+	+
Peanut oil Pectin (soln.)	+	<del>-</del>
Penicillin	+	÷
Pentane	0	0
Pepper (black or white, ground)	+	0
Peppermint, oil of		-

Test substance	20 °C	50 °C
Sodium sulphide (soln.)	+	+
Sodium sulfite (soln.)	+	+
Sodium thiosulfate (soln.)	+	+
Soy oil	+	+
Sperm oil	+	+
Stearic acid	+	+
Strontium bromide		+
	+	
Strychnine	+	+
Sugar (soln, 30 %)	+	+
Sulphur	+	+
Sulphur hexafluoride	+	+
Sulfuric acid (10 %)	+	+
Sulfuric acid (38 %, battery acid)	+	+
Sulfuric acid (50 %)	+	+
Sulfuric acid (conc.)	÷	<del>-</del>
Tannic acid	+	+
Tartaric acid (soln.)	+	+
Tea leaves (moist)	+	+
Tea, instant Tetrachlorethane	+	+
Tetrachloromethane	-	-
Tetrahydrofuran		
Tetrahydrofurfurol	9	
Tetralin (R)		-
Thionyl chloride Thiophene	-	
Thymol	÷	
Tin (II) chloride (soln.)	+	+
Tin (IV) chloride (soln.)		
Titanium tetrachloride		-
Toluene	÷	
Tragacanth (gum tragacanth)	+	+
Transformer oil	+	0
Trichlorobenzene		
Trichloroethane		-
Trichloroethylene	•	•
Trichlorophenol Tricresyl phosphate	÷	<del>-</del>
Triethanolamine	+	+
Triethylene glycol	+	+
Triglycol acetate		
Trypaflavin (R)	+	+
Tryptophane (d or l) Turpentine	0	0
Turpentine substitute	+	•
Tyrosine (d or l)	+	+
Undecanol	+	+
Urea (soln.) Urotropin (soln.)	÷	+
Orotropin (soin.)	-	
Valerian drops	+	+
Verbena oil		
Vinegar	+	+
Water	-	
Water colors	÷	+
Water glass	+	+
Wax (bleached)	+	+
White oil	+	+
Xylene		
- Jane	- 5	1,75
Zinc bromide	+	+
Zinc carbonate	+	+
Zinc chloride (soln.)	+	+
Zinc nitrate Zinc ointment	÷	+
Zinc oxide	÷	÷
Enic Skide	-	-



# Appendix A - ASA chemical compatibility table

Test substance 20 °C 50 °C

Test substance	20 °C	50 °C
Dinonyl phthalate	0	0
Dioxane (1,4 dioxane)	-	
Diphenyl ether		
Diphenylamine	121	-
Ethanol (40 %)	+	+
Ethanol (95 %)	+	0
Ether (Diethyl ether)	-	
Ethyl acetate		
Ethyl benzene		
Ethyl benzoate		-
Ethyl chloride	-	(-)
Ethylene chloride	•	5553
Ethylene glycol	+	+
Eucalyptus, oil of	0	0
Fertilizer salts	+	+
Formaldehyde (30 %)	+	0
Formic acid (40 %)	+	0
Formic acid (85 %)	0	٥
Frigen/Freon 11 (Monofluoro- trichloromethane)	0	0
Frigen/Freon 113 (Trifluoro-trichloroethane)	0	٥
Frigen/Freon 114 (Tetrafluoro-dichloroethane)	0	0
Frigen/Freon 12 (Difluoro-dichloromethane)	0	0
Frigen/Freon 21 (Monofluoro- dichloromethane)	070	16.51
Frigen/Freon 22 (Difluoro-monochloro- methane)	-	-
Furfural		
Furfuryl alcohol	0	-

Test substance	20 °C	50 °C
Perchloroethylene	٥	0
(Tetrachloroethylene)		
Petroleum ether	٥	0
Petroleum jelly	٥	
Petroleum jelly	+	+
Phenacetin	+	+
Phenol		-
Phenylethanol		-
Phosphoric acid (1%)	+	+
Phosphoric acid (30 %)	+	+
Phosphoric acid (85%)	+	+
Phthalic acid (soln.) Pimento (ground)	+	+
Pine needles, oil of	0	•
Pineapple juice	+	+
Plastomoli DOA	0	0
(di-(2-ethyl-hexyl) adipate, BASF) Pork lard	+	+
Potassium aluminium	+	+
sulphate (soln.) Potassium bisulfate	+	+
Potassium bromate (soln.)	+	+

Test substance	20 °C	50 °C
Zinc stearate	+	+
Zinc sulphate (soln.)	+	+

# Symbol legend

### The symbols and abbreviations used have the following meanings

- + = resistant over a period of months to years
- 0 = limited resistance: some swelling, solvation or environmental stress cracking is possible
- = not resistant: severe swelling, decomposition, solvation or environmental stress cracking

soln. = saturated aqueous solution

Resistance definition		
Good resistance	Water, aqueous salt solutions, detergent solutions, dilute acids and alkalis.	
Limited resistance	Alcohols, aliphatic hydrocarbons, oils and fats.	
Not resistant	Concentrated mineral acids, aromatic and/or halogenated hydrocarbons, esters, ethers, ketones.	
Solvents	Examples are methyl ethyl ketone, tetrahydrofuran, toluene, dimethyl-formamide.	

#### Source data:

BASF - Chemical resistance of styrene co-polymers

www.basf.de/plastics